## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions of claims in the application.

## LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

Claim 1: (currently amended): A method of verifying that medication to be administered is correct, comprising:

scanning a bar code on an Identification identification bracelet worn by a patient to ascertain patient information;

scanning a bar code pertaining to medication to be administered to the patient to ascertain medication information;

verifying whether the patient information and the medication information is correct and authorized based on both of the scannings by accessing a network; and

notifying that the medication may be given to the patient provided the verifying finds that the patient information and the medication information is correct; and

 transmitting a verification signal-upon witnessing that the patient was administered the medication subsequent to the notifying.

activating an alarm if the verifying indicates that the mediation is improper for administration to the patient.

Claim 2 (canceled)

Claim 3 (currently amended): A method as in claim 1, further comprising activating an alarm If the verifying indicates that the medication is improper for administration to the patient notifying that the medication may be given to the patient provided the verifying finds that the patient information and the medication information is correct; and transmitting a verification signal upon witnessing that the patient was administered the medication subsequent to the notifying.

Claim 4 (original): A method as in claim 1, further comprising scanning a nurse's badge, and using the network to verify that nurse's information scanned from the nurse's badge is correct and authorized.

Claim 5 (original): A method as in claim 1, further comprising updating billing to account for a cost of the scanned medication.

Claim 6 (previously presented): A method as in claim 1, wherein the verifying includes interrogating a computer with scheduling to determine whether the medication is being administered too early or too late.

Claim 7 (original): A method as in claim 1, wherein the medication is contained in pills that are sealed individually within single-pill containers.

Claim 8 (previously presented): A method of administering medication, comprising:

keeping track of each individual one of the pills by machine reading a machine readable code assigned to each of the individual pills;

dispensing an individual one of the pills based on the machine reading; and

adjusting inventory requirements for stocking of the individual pills based on the machine reading and the dispensing.

Claim 9 (original): A method as in claim 8, further comprising verifying prior to dispensing that the individual pill is scheduled to be taken by the particular patient by checking with scheduling information stored in a computer.

Claim 10 (original): A method as in claim 9, further comprising billing a cost for the individual pill based on the machine reading and the verifying.

Claim 11 (original): A method as in claim 8, wherein the pills are individually within single-pill containers prior to the dispensing.

Claim 12 (currently amended): A drug identification system for marking solid form drugs comprising a pill imprint having a first marking in the form of a human recognizable symbol and a second marking in the form of a machine readable bar code, wherein the human recognizable symbolic icon symbol provides a general identification suitable for categorical identification and communication, and the machine readable bar code provides an item identification.

Claim 13 (canceled): The drug identification system of claim 12 wherein the marking is a composite marking that combines the first icon marking and the second bar code murking into a composite symbol.

Claim 14 (original): The drug identification system of claim 12 wherein the bar code is a 2D bar code.

Claim 15 (original): A method of determining information concerning a pill, comprising dispensing pills from inventory individually, identifying the source, distributor, medication contents and/or potency expiration date of each of the dispensed pills by scanning a machine readable code assigned to each of the pills individually.

Claim 16 (currently amended): A method as in claim 15 16, wherein the pills are individually within single-pill containers.

Claim 17 (original): A method of scanning, comprising scanning a machine readable code while a pill is within a sealed container, decoding information pertaining to the pill from the scanned machine readable code, evaluating the decoded information with respect to whether the pill is safe for administration.

Claim 18 (original): A method as in claim 17, wherein the container has a transparent material, the machine readable code being on a surface of the pill visible through the transparent material.

Claim 19 (original): A method as in claim 17, further comprising recording a time of day in response to the scanning.

Claim 20 (original): A method as in claim 19, further comprising determining efficacy of the pill based in part on the recorded time of day.

Claim 21 (original): A method as in claim 17, wherein the machine readable bar code is on the sealed container.

Claim 22 (original): A method as in claim 18, further comprising effecting record keeping by reading the micro barcode on the sealed container.

Claim 23 (original): A method of record keeping, comprising scanning a bar code on a container and storing information pertaining to what was scanned, the container containing at least one pill; and based on the stored information, either determining efficacy of the pill or making a warning that taking whatever was just scanned may not be recommended medically or may not be optimal for pill efficacy.

Claim 24 (previously presented): A method as in claim 20, further comprising scanning information pertaining to food and a time a day when the food is eaten.